

Colombia Bilingüe





6th grade Workbook









All the written activities in this book must be completed in your own book, and not in this book.

Todas las actividades de escritura contenidas en este libro se deben realizar en un cuaderno aparte, no en el libro.



Way to go!

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module 1 // Unit 1



Hello!



1. Complete the conversations. Use the clues in the box and put them in the right place.

Carlos: Good morning, what's your full name? Mariana: My name is Mariana Echenique. Carlos: Excuse me. ¹_____?

Mariana: It's E-C-H-E-N-I-Q-U-E

Carlos: Ok. ²_____?

Mariana: No, I'm not. I'm 13.

Cristal: Hello! My	name is Cristal.
3	?

Francisco: My name is Francisco. ⁴_____, Cristal?

Cristal: I'm 12 years old.

Francisco: ⁵______, Cristal.

Cristal: Nice to meet you too, Francisco.

2.	Now, answer the questions about you. Draw a picture of yourself
	in the box or paste a photograph.

- 1. What's your full name? _____
- 2. How old are you? _____
- 3. Are you in sixth grade? _____
- 4. What's your school's name? It's ______ .
- 3. Do the following math exercises. Write the answers with letters, not numbers! Then, get the secret code and find the mystery sentence.

Six + three = <u>nine</u> L	c. Two + one =	f. Six + two =	i. Four – four =
a. Eight – six =	d. Five + five =	g. Four + three =!	j. Three + two = space
b. Four - three =	e. Six - two =	h. Nine – three =	

10	0	9	1	3	6	0	5	4	3	5	2	1	8	3	3	9	7

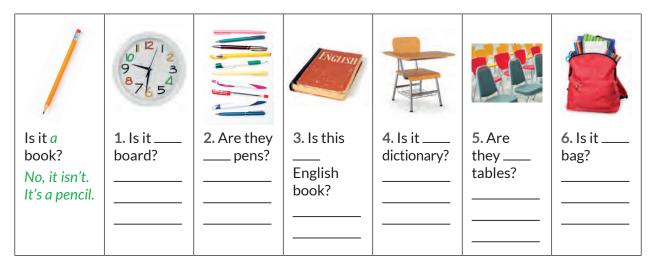


- name?
- » Nice to meet you
- » Are you 12?
- » Can you spell your last name?



Lesson 2 » My Favourite Place!

1. Look at the images. Complete the questions with *a*, *an* or *some* and give an answer for them. If the answer is negative, give the correct information.



2. Read the following conversation of a teacher with his class and complete the missing information with the phrases from the box.

Word Bank

Look work in pairs raise your hands Write Open your books Answer Be quiet Read see you do Good morning



Teacher: Good morning stu	dents! 1	on page 11. ²
the story and ³	the questions. ⁴	_ the answers in your notebooks.
Carla: OK Miss Blanco. We	finished.	
Teacher: Well, now 5	at the board and tell m	e what you see.
Students: Me, me, please te	acher, me!!	
Teacher: 6beturns. Carolina, tell me.	ecause I can't hear you! ⁷	and we take
Carolina: It is an insect!		
Teacher: Very good Carolin interesting insect.	a. Now, ⁸ not in g	roups. Read about the life of this
Teacher: OK class, this is all tomorrow.	for today. Remember to 9	your homework and

Lesson 3 » Making a Directory

1. Write the question you need to ask for the following information. Use what's your...? or how old...?

Information needed	Question
Name	What's your name?
1. Last name	
2. Age	
3. ID number	
4. Mobile number	
5. Home number	

2. Read the following conversation of a teacher with his class and complete the missing information with the phrases from the box.

Name: Manuel Camargo

Age: 13

Grade: sixth grade

ID number: 1009675283

Mobile number: 301 223 7621



Hello! Thi	is is <u>Manuel Camargo</u>		He ¹	
	(name)		(age)	
He ²		His ³		
	(school's grade)		(ID number)	
His ⁴				
	(mobile num	ber)		

2. Now, write a paragraph about someone in your family. First complete the information.

Name: _____

Last name:

Age:_____

ID number: _____

Home number:

Check Your Progress

1.	is your name?		6. He 13.	
	a. Are b. Am	c. Is d. What	a. are b. am c. is d. an	
2.	this your desk?		7 they bags?	
	a. Are b. Am	c. Is d. What	a. Are b. Am c. Is d. What	
3.	you in sixth grad	de?	8. You are excellent student.	
	a. Are b. Am	c. Is d. What	a. is b. a c. an d. some	
4.	old are you?		9. The classroom has chairs.	
	a. Are b. How o	c. Is d. What	a. some b. a c. an d. are	
5.	I 12 years old.		10. Carlos has pencil for you.	
	a. are b. am	c. is d. how	a. some b. a c. an d. are	

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to classroom objects and numbers. I can identify vocabulary related to basic personal information.			
Grammar	I can ask and answer information questions about basic personal information. I can use adequate articles for nouns.			
Reading	I can understand written conversations about greetings, instructions and classroom language.			
Writing	I can write simple paragraphs to introduce someone and give basic personal information.			
Speaking	I can introduce someone and give basic personal information.			
Listening	I can understand basic personal information in listening texts.			

Unit >>>2

What Do You Do?

Lesson | » It's Just Another Day!

- **1.** Match 1–7 with A–G to make activities. Use the photos on the page to help you.
 - **1.** Read
- A. dinner
- 2. Check
- B. a bicycle
- 3. Play
- C. the internet
- 4. Listen
- D. e-mail
- 5. Use
- E. a magazine
- 6. Make
- F. video games
- 7. Ride
- G. to music



2. Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Hello, my name is Alberto. After	r school, my brothers and I have	e a very good time. I <u>like</u> (like)
to do physical activities like ridii	ng a bike, but my brother Tomas	s ¹ (like) to do other
types of activities. He ²	$_{}$ (not like) to do exercise. Ma	arco 3 (not like) to
read. At 5:00 pm, Tomas 4	(check) his e-mail and 5 _	(use) the internet. Some
days, we all 6(play)	video games. Mom ⁷	_ (make) dinner at 6:30 pm and
then we get ready to 8	(go) to bed.	

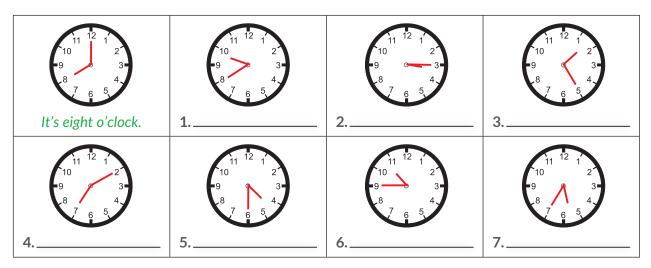
3. Read the text in exercise 2 again. Answer the questions about the text.

Does Alberto like to be in the house after school? No, he doesn't. He likes to play sports.

- 1. Does Tomas like to do exercise?
- 2. Does Marco like to read?
- 3. Do they play video games together? ______
- 4. Does Alberto cook dinner for his brothers?
- 5. Do they eat dinner before 8:00 pm? _____

Lesson 2 » Lesson Title

1. What time is it? Write the time for each clock.



2. Complete the following daily routine with the verbs from the box. Remember to use the verbs in the correct form.

Arrive - have (x2) - play - take - wake - make - do - go (x2) - start - watch

My day starts very early. I <u>wake</u> up at 5:00 am. My sister ¹ a shower at 5:15

am and I ² my bed. I ³ breakfast at 5:50 am. My sister and I ⁴ to

school at 6:20 am because school ⁵ at 7:00 am. We ⁶ home at 3:00 pm. We

 7 _____ our homework at 4:00 pm and then we 8 _____ TV or we 9 _____ sports. At 7:00 pm we 10 ____ dinner and we 11 _____ to sleep before 9:00 pm.

3. Think about your daily routine. Write the time you do each activity.

Time	Activity			
	Wake up			
	Make my bed			
	Take a shower			
	Have breakfast			
Brush my teeth				
	Go to school			
	Start school			
	Arrive home			
	Do homework or study			
	Watch TV or play			
	Have dinner			
	Go to bed			

4.	Write about your own routine. Use exercise
	2 and the chart in exercise 3 to help you.

•		

Lesson 3 » I Never Do That!

1. Answer the survey. Write full sentences with the adverbs of frequency in the box.

Always
Usually
Sometimes
Never

SURVEY -

How often de	
How often do you	Answer
play video games after school?	I never play video games after school.
1. play video games at the weekend?	S S Sylver School.
2. play sports after classes?	
3. sing in the shower?	
4. eat hamburgers on weekdays?	
5. cook dinner for your family?	
6. study at the weekend?	



2. Read the text and rewrite the idea using adverbs of frequency.

My sister Marta is very busy during the week. She goes to tennis lessons three days a week. She participates in the literature club five times a week. Marta likes learning new languages, so she goes to French lessons three days a week. She goes to the animal protection centre every day after school because she loves taking care of animals. She doesn't have time to watch TV.



My sister Marta is <u>always</u> busy during the week. She ¹ goes to tennis lessons in
the week. She 2 participates in the literature club during the week. Also, Marta likes
earning new languages, so she 3 goes to French lessons. Marta 4 goes to
the animal protection centre because she loves animals. She 5 watches TV.

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Check Your Progress

1.	you like to play video games?			6.	It's 4:35.				
	a. Does	b. Do	c. What	d. How		a. It's thirty-fiv			
2.	he read magazines?					b. It's thirty-five	•		
	a. Does	b. Do	c. What	d. How		c. It's twenty-f			
3.	She f	from schoo	l at 3:00 pi	m.	7	7. It's a quarter to three.			
	a. go	b. arrive	c. goes	d. arrives	′.	a. 3:15 b. 4:1		d 3·45	
4.	. Camilo eat chicken because he is vegetarian.			8.	I ride a bil				
_	a. don't	b. doesn't				a. always b. usually			
5.	it's the weekend.			9.	Marlon b loves to have t		eeth because he		
	a. don't b. doesn't c. do d. does		a. does		a. always b. usually				
				10.	does Cris	tina visit you	?		
						a. How much b. How many			

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to daily routines. I can identify vocabulary related to activities.			
Grammar	I can use Do/Does to ask questions about daily routines and activities. I can understand the correct use of verbs for she, he, and it.			
Reading	I can understand short texts about daily routines and activities.			
Writing	I can write short paragraphs about routines. I can write sentences to express the frequency of an activity.			
Speaking	I can talk about my daily routines.			
Listening	I can identify information about daily routines in listening texts.			



Word Bank

sister brother son father daughter mother

Lesson 1 » Family Life

1. Look at the picture of this famous family and complete the sentences with the words in the Word Bank.

Lisa is Maggie's _____.

1. Marge is Bart's _____.

2. Bart is Lisa's _____.

3. Maggie is Homer's _____.

4. Homer is Bart's _____.

5. Bart is Marge's ____.



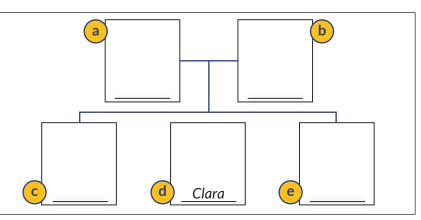
2. Look at Jorge's family. Answer the questions and correct any information.

ls S	Sonia his mother?	No she isn't. Sonia is his sister	
1.	Is Leo his brother?		
2.	Is Laura his mother?		_•
3.	Is Marco his father?		_•
4.	Is Sandra his sister? _		_•
5.	Is their last name Ma	rtinez?	



3. Read the text and complete the family tree with the correct names. Draw the family photos.

Maria's sister is Clara.
Clara's sister is bored.
Clara's brother is Eduardo.
Maria's mother is Patricia.
Patricia's son is sad.
Clara's father is tired.
Jose's daughter is happy.
Eduardo's father is Jose.
Maria's mother is excited.



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Lesson 2 » We Are All Different!

1. Read the information about Pedro's family and draw each member. Write a description of Pedro.

1	2. Pedro's mother is tall, thin and wears glasses. She has long curly dark hair and her eyes are green.	3. Pedro's father is tall and fat. He has short straight blond hair. His eyes are grey.	4. Pedro's brother is short and thin. He wears glasses. His eyes are blue. His hair is short, blond and curly.

2. Complete the chart with the physical characteristics of your family members.

Family member				
Name				
Hair				
Eyes				
Body				
Wears glasses	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes / No

3. Now, write a description of your family members. Use exercise 1 to help you.

My mother's name is $_$	_ (name). She's	 (height)
and		
My father's name is		
Му		
•		
Му		

Lesson 3 » People I Admire

1. Read the following text about the Colombian woman working at NASA, Diana Trujillo. Circle the words related to her personality qualities.

I admire Diana Trujillo. She's a Colombian scientist working at NASA. She is very intelligent, she is great at mathematics. Diana has to control the robot in the "Curiosity" mission on Mars, so she needs to be very patient and responsible. Also, she needs to be very confident in her abilities because there is no space for errors on Mars.

2. Choose one of these Colombian characters. Use the mind map to make notes about why you admire him or her.



Ciro Guerra Film director



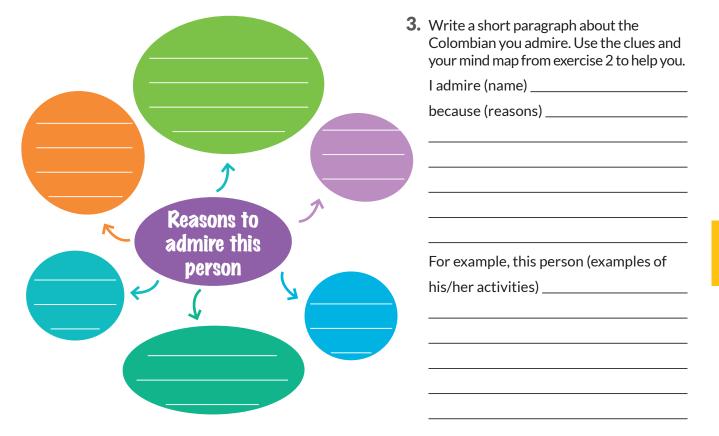
Nairo Quintana Cyclist



Shakira Singer



Rodolfo Llinas Scientist



Chant

Good morning everyone

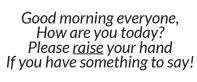


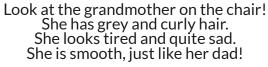
Good morning everyone, How are you today? Please <u>raise</u> your hand If you have something to say!

I'm your teacher nice to meet you. Let's work in pairs of two. Get your papers and your pen And open your books on page ten.

Now everyone listen to me. Let's learn about our families. Look at the picture on the board. Look at the dad, he looks bored.

He is short and very strong. His daugther's hair is very long. He has two sons, they are tall. He is responsible and he loves them all.





Her mum is caring and very fun. She has dark hair just like her sons. They are an interesting family. One, two, three, now rap with me!

> Good morning everyone, How are you today? Please <u>raise</u> your hand If you have something to say!



Her mum is caring and very fun. She has dark hair just like her sons. They are an interesting family. Now come on everyone, rap with me!

Good morning everyone, ...











Speaking

1. There are nine instructions in the chant. Work with a partner to find them all.

Please raise your hand if you have something to say!

Yes, that's right. The next one is ...

Reading

- 2. Read the chant again and look for the words.
 - 1 Underline all the imperative verbs.
 - 2 Circle all the nouns for people.
 - 3 Draw a box around all the adjectives.

Writing

- **3.** Answer the questions. Use full sentences.
 - 1 Where is the picture?

The picture is on the board.

- 2 How does the dad look?
- 3 How does the daughter look?
- 4 How many sons are there?
- 5 How do the sons look?
- 6 Where is the sister?
- 7 How does the sister look?
- 8 What is the mum like?

4. Write about your family. Use words from chant, the phrases provided and your own ideas.

curly caring interesting strong tall responsible blond long sad small fun dark short tired



My dad/my mum is ... My brother/sister is ... We are ... My family is ...

Check Your Progress



1.	Manuela is Juan's	6.	Juai
	a. sister b. daughter c. mother d. son		a. bi
2.	Camilo is Manuela's	7.	
	a. brother b. daughter c. mother d. son		a. C
3.	Julia is mother.	8.	
	a. Juan's b. Manuela's		a. C
4.	Camilo is son.	9.	
	a. Juan's b. Manuela's		a. C
5.	Manuela is Camilo's	10.	
	a. sister b. daughter c. mother d. son		a. C

		Contract to the contract of th		And the second second second
6.	Juan is Ma	nuela's		
	a. brother	b. daughter	c. father	d. son
7.	has lo	ng blond curly	y hair.	
	a. Camilo	b. Julia c. M	anuela	d. Juan
8.	has sh	ort dark strai	ght hair.	
	a. Camilo	b. Julia c. M	anuela	d. Juan
9.	has sh	ort blond stra	aight hair.	
	a. Camilo	b. Julia c. M	anuela	d. Juan
10.	has lo	ng dark curly	hair.	
	a. Camilo	b. Julia c. M	anuela	d. Juan

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to family. I can identify vocabulary related to physical descriptions of people. I can identify vocabulary related to personality characteristics of people and feelings.			
Grammar	I can express possession. I can ask and answer questions about family.			
Reading	I understand short texts about people's descriptions.			
Writing	I can describe family members. I can express reasons to admire a person.			
Speaking	I can talk about my family.			
Listening	I can understand information about physical descriptions in listening texts.			



Unit >>1

My Body is an Amazing Machine!

Lesson I » From Head to Toe

1. Label the picture of the human body with the words from the box.

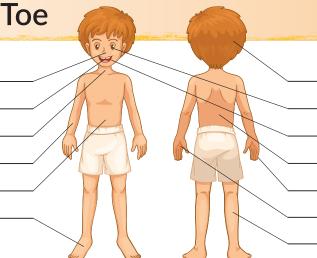
arm back eye feet finger hand head leg mouth neck nose stomach teeth



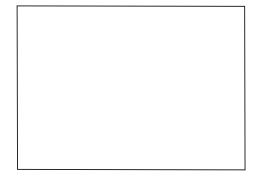
- Nairo Quintana can ride his bike in high mountains because he has very short / strong legs.
- 2. Caterine Ibargüen can jump well because she has really **long / weak** legs.
- 3. Basketball players usually have **big / long** hands.
- 4. Weak / Strong people can't do gymnastics.
- 5. Some **short** / **long** football players can be very agile and fast like Lionel Messi.
- **3.** Complete the sentences with the plural form of the noun in brackets. Draw the alien in the box to match the description.

1. This	alien has two	(head).
---------	---------------	---------

- 2. The alien has four _____ (arm).
- 3. It has two _____ (mouth). One in each head.
- 4. It has six _____ (tooth) in each mouth.
- 5. It has three _____ (leg).
- 6. It has six _____ (foot). Two on each leg.







Lesson 2 » Protecting our Bodies

1. Make sentences about ways we can get hurt at school or home. Use the prompts and the words in the box.

cut break fall hit hurt

- 1. We/finger/paper/classroom.
 - We can cut our fingers with paper in the classroom
- 2. People/on a wet floor/toilets.
- 3. We/head/playground.
- 4. Children /leg/on the stairs.
- 5. We/hands/in the kitchen.
- **2.** Match the types of protection 1–4 with the actions a–d.
 - 1. safety glasses _____
 - 2. kneepads _____
 - 3. helmet _____
 - 4. rubber gloves _____









- **3.** Complete phrases 1–4 with the types of protection from exercise 2. Then match the two parts of the sentence.
 - 1. If you don't wear <u>safety glasses</u> in the laboratory.
 - 2. If you don't wear a _____ when you ride a motorcycle,
 - 3. If you don't wear _____ when you go skateboarding,
 - 4. If you don't wear _____ when you clean,

- A. ... you can hurt your head.
- B. ... you can hurt your knees.
- C. ... you can hurt your eyes.
- **D.** ... you can hurt your hands.



Lesson 3 » Safe Schools

1 .	What are the most common accidents in different rooms in your school? Think of one possible
	accident that can happen in places (1–6).

1. Cutting my	finger on a	book.
----------------------	-------------	-------

- 2. _____
- 2.
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
 -)**.** _____







- **2.** Write some ways to prevent the accidents in exercise 1.
 - To prevent accidents in the classroom, it's important to follow instructions
 - 2. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important ______.
 - 3. To prevent accidents in the _______, it's important _______.
 - 4. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important ______.
 - 5. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important ______.
 - 6. To prevent accidents in the ______, it's important _____.
- **3.** Use the information from exercise 2 to write a short paragraph about accidents in your home.

Accidents can sometimes happen at home, too. For example,
(write the type of accidents in your home)
To prevent these accidents, it's
(write the actions to prevent these accidents).

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Check Your Progress

1.	Which one is not a part of the body? a. stomach b. leg c. head d. glasses	7. It's difficult to be a gymnast if you have very hands.
2.	Which one is not a part of the head?	a. long b. small c. strong d. short
	a. nose b. eye c. finger d. mouth	8. To protect your head use a
3.	We have 32 a. tooth b. teeth c. tooths d. teeths	a. helmetb. safety glassesc. kneepadsd. gloves
4	We have two	9. To protect your hands use
	a. foots b. foot c. feet d. feets	a. helmetb. safety glassesc. kneepadsd. gloves
5.	Basketball players need legs and arms.	10. Accidents at school cannot happen in the
6.	a. small b. weak c. big d. long Swimmers need to have arms.	a. stairsb. hallwayc. bedroomd. playground
	a small h weak c strong d short	

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to the body and body features and problems.			
Grammar	I can use <i>can</i> to talk about possibilities and recommendations for our body.			
Reading	I can understand sentences about body features.			
Writing	I can write short paragraphs about accidents and ways to prevent them.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about body problems. I can identify information in short conversations about accidents.			
Speaking	I can talk about different body features and problems. I can talk about ways to prevent accidents.			



People Can Do a Lot of Things!

Lesson | » That Is Interesting to Me!

1. Write the activities in the correct column of the chart to show your likes and dislikes.

Likes	Dislikes

swimming running singing origami walking reading making dolls riding a bike

playing an instrument making models playing basketball

roller skating painting or drawing playing football



2. Use the activities from exercise 1 to make sentences.

1.	I don't like playing	volleyball .
2.	I like	
3.	I don't like	
4.		is fascinating.
5.	I'm very good at _	

3.

5. I m very good at
7 0
Write the questions for the answers.
1. <u>Is basketball exciting for you?</u>
No, it isn't. It's very boring for me.
2
No, I don't like playing football.
3
Yes, she does. My sister loves making dolls
4
No, it isn't. For me, origami is fascinating!

0.		is easy for me.
7.		is difficult for me
8.	I don't understand	
9.		is a bit boring.
10	•	is exciting.

5
No, I'm not. I'm not good at making models
6
Yes! Martial arts are exciting for me.

No, it isn't. Playing an instrument is very
difficult for me.

Lesson 2 » We Can Do Great Things!

1. 1	Look at the photos.	Write sentences about the people can	and can't do.
-------------	---------------------	--------------------------------------	---------------

1	The girl in photo A	can play basketball.
Ί.	The girl in photo A	cuit pluy busketbuil

2.	The woman in photo B





















2. Use the prompts to make questions about abilities. Then write your answers.

1. you/play tennis?

Can you play tennis	?	No, I can't. / Yes, I can	
			Ī

2. you/dance?

?_____

3. your mother/play an instrument?

4. your father/cook?

?

5. you/paint?

6. your sister or brother/rollerskate?

?_____.

3. What about you? Write about the things you can and can't do. Say why.

1. I can <u>play an instrument</u>, but I can't <u>swim. It's a bit boring for me</u>.

2. I can _______, but I can't _______.

3. I can't _______, but I can ______.

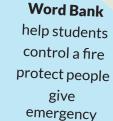
4. I can't _______, but I can ______.

5. I can _______, but I can't ______.

Lesson 3 » What Can I Do to Help?

- 1. Describe what these people are doing for the community. Use the correct form of the phrases from the Word Bank.
 - 1. What is the teacher doing?

 The teacher is helping the students to learn
 - 2. What is the paramedic doing?
 - 3. What is the police officer doing?
 - 4. What is the firefighter doing?



treatment









- **2.** Use the prompts to make sentences about what people are doing. Then write alternatives.
 - **1.** The boy/push/a boy in the playground. The boy is pushing a boy in the playground. He can give the boy more space.
 - 2. The cyclist/not wear/helmet.
 - 3. People/throw/rubbish/in the forest.
 - 4. The woman/argue/in the restaurant.
 - 5. The mobile phone/ring/in the cinema.
 - 6. The driver/not wear/seatbelt/in the car.

Check Your Progress

1.	. Which one is <u>not</u> an activity?		6.	6. Which one does not work for the		
	a. making models	•		community?		
	b. embroidery	d. singing		a. actor	c. police officer	
2.	Which one is not a sp	port?		b. fire fighter	d. paramedic	
	a. football	c. volleyball	7.	What?		
	b. playing the guitar	d. basketball		a. am you doing	c. are you doing	
3.	Caterine Ibargüen is	the triple jump.		b. is you doing	d. are you do	
	a. difficult	c. good	8.	I English.		
	b. difficult at	d. good at		a. am studying	c. are studying	
4.	are not difficult	for Johnny Depp.		b. is studying	d. am study	
	a. dancing	c. performing arts	9.	Penelope gym	nnastics.	
	b. painting	d. craft		a. am doing	c. are doing	
5.	Playing the guitar is	easy Juanes.		b. is doing	d. is do	
	a. at b. for	c. to d. in	10.	Patricia and John	salsa.	
				a. am dancingb. is dancing	<u> </u>	

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to interests and likes. I can identify vocabulary related to free-time activities.			
Grammar	I can use <i>can</i> to talk about abilities. I can use the <i>verb to</i> + <i>verb-ing</i> to talk about what people are doing.			
Reading	I can understand short paragraphs about interests.			
Writing	I can write about people's abilities. I can write about what people are doing.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about people's abilities. I can identify information in short conversations about people's activities.			
Speaking	I can talk about people's interests. I can talk about what people are doing.			



My Health Care Routine



1. Write the activities on the chart to show when you do them.

In the morning	In the afternoon	In the evening	At night

2. Use the information from exercise 1 and the words in the box to write sentences about your routine.

always usually sometimes

- 1. In the morning, I usually <u>study at school</u>.
- 2. In the morning, I always _____.
- 3. In the ______, I ______.
- 4. In the ______.
- **3.** Complete the questions with the words in the box. Then answer the questions.

do (x3) time what (x2) often sport

- 1. What do you do in the mornings? I usually study in the mornings . .
- 2. _____ do you wake up? I wake up at _____.
- 3. _____do you play ? l ______.
- 4. When _____ you spend time with your family? _____.5. How _____ do you take a shower? _____.
- 6. What _______ you _____ in the evening? ______.



Lesson 2 » Is that Healthy?

1. Use the words in the box to complete the sentences about your habits. Write *healthy* or *unhealthy* next to each habit.

always usually sometimes hardly ever

- 1. I <u>usually</u> stay in all day. <u>unhealthy</u>
- 2. I _____ drink eight glasses of water a day. _____
- 3. I ______ eat breakfast. _____
- 4. I ______ brush my teeth in the morning and in the evening. _____
- 5. I ______ do exercise three times a week. _____
- 6. I ______ eat fruit and vegetables every day. _____
- 7. I ______ sleep more than seven hours per day. _____
- 8. I ______ eat fast food. _____
- 9. I _____ drink fizzy drinks. _____
- **10.** | _____ use dental floss. _____
- 2. Think about the habits you have. Do you have a healthy/unhealthy/balanced routine? Describe your routine.

I have a _____ routine, because ____

- **3.** Answer the questions about the activities and celebrations. Use *in* or *on*.
 - 1. In which month do you celebrate Valentine's day? We celebrate it in September.
 - 2. When is Christmas Day?
 - 3. When do you celebrate Halloween?
 - 4. In which month is Mother's Day?
 - 5. When is Independence Day in Colombia?
 - **6.** In which month is Father's Day?
 - 7. When is your birthday?
 - 8. When is your mother's birthday?



Lesson 3 » The Healthy Day

1. Read about Roberto's routine. Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs.

Saturday. At the weekend, he always ¹³_____(eat) fast food for dinner.

LIFE	
Roberto is twelve years old. He ¹ _wakes up (wake up) at 5:30 am. He ² (take) a shower and ³ (have) breakfast. He ⁴ (eat) eggs, cheese and chocolate milk. He never ⁵ (brush) his teeth because he doesn't have time. He ⁶ (go) to school at 6:30 am. He ⁷ (not have) lunch at school. He ⁸ (have) some snacks, such as chips and sweets. Roberto ⁹ (come) home at 3:00 pm. Then, he usually ¹⁰ (make) a sandwich for lunch. He never ¹¹ (do) exercise in the week. Sometimes he ¹² (play) football on	

- 2. Decide if Roberto has healthy or unhealthy habits. Then plan a better routine for him.
 - 1. Does he have a healthy routine?
 - 2. Think of healthy alternatives for Roberto in each of these three areas: personal hygiene, food and exercise.
 - 3. Write a healthy routine for Roberto. Write one paragraph for each area.

Useful Expressions

(I/He/She/We) can ... (I/He/She/We) can try to ... (I/He/She/We) can start to ... (I/He/She/We) can stop ...

irst, <u>he c</u>	an wake up at 5:00	am to have time t
brush his	teeth.	
Гhen,		
ood		
ood		
ood		
pod		
ood		
ood		

27

Chant

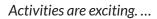
Activities are exciting

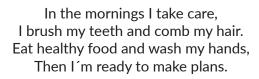


Activities are exciting.
What do you enjoy?
Dancing or hiking?
Or playing with your toys?

On Mondays I play basketball. On Tuesdays I go swimming. On Wednesdays I draw pictures And on Thursdays I like singing.

On Fridays I play football, It's the start of the weekend. On Saturdays and Sundays I go dancing with my friends.





I ride my bike to the school.
I wear my helmet in case I fall.
I wear kneepads and my gloves
And my glasses that I really love!

Activities are exciting....

I really love to exercise.

When I play football I use my eyes.
I use my elbows and my hands
To play an instrument in my band.

I use my legs to run up the stairs.
I use my arms to brush my hair.
I play at the playground at my school
And use the laboratory, it's really cool!

Activities are exciting....









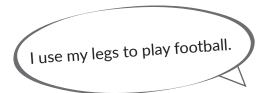


module2 // Unit 3

Speaking

1. Match the activities and corresponding nouns.

1 play football my legs
2 play an instrument my legs
3 run upstairs my arms
4 brush hair my arms
5 play at the playground 6 dancing my eyes
7 watch TV my legs my legs my arms my arms my arms and legs my eyes my whole body





Reading

2. Look at the table. Complete the sentences.

	Me	Charlie	Juana and Helene	My mum
Monday	football	Sing	dance	work in a laboratory
Tuesday	play guitar in my band			work in a laboratory
Wednesday		draw pictures	ride bikes	work in a laboratory
Thursday	play in the playground		basketball	work in a laboratory
Friday		dance with friends	dance with friends	work in a laboratory

1 On Mondays, Charlie	Sings
2 On	, Helena and Juana ride bikes.
3 Mum works in a labor	ratory
4 On Fridays,	dance with friends.
5 On Tuesdays,	play guitar in my band.
6 On	, I play in the playground.



Writing

3. When do you do these activities? Write sentences.

every day on Mondays on Tuesdays on Wednesdays on Thursdays on Fridays at the weekend on Saturdays on Sundays in the morning at lunchtime in the evening

Football play an instrument run upstairs brush hair play at the playground dance play with toys hike brush my teeth go to school learn English play in a band

I go to school every day. I learn English on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. I play an instrument after school on Thursdays and play in a band at the weekend.

29

1.	. Which day belongs to the weekend?			Which activity <u>can't</u> you do in the evening?			
	a. Mondayb. Wednesday	,				c. spend ti d. go to be	me with family ed early
2.	What day comes afte	r Monday?	6.	I wake up 6:00 am			
	a. Tuesdayb. Thursday	•	7.	a. in You hav		c. on	d. the
3.	Which one is <u>not</u> an unhealthy habit? a. drinking fizzy drinks b. using dental floss c. eating fast food d. sleeping 6 hours a day			a. in the morning c. in the even b. in the afternoon d. at night			•
			8.	I sleep v			
				a. in	b. at	c. on	d. the
4	Which one is <u>not</u> part of a daily routine?		9.	Independence Day in USA is July.			
1.	-	•		a. in	b. at	c. on	d. the
	a. brushing your teethb. taking a showerd. going to school	10.	New Year's Eve is December 31st.				
	8	3 0		a. in	b , at	c. on	d . the

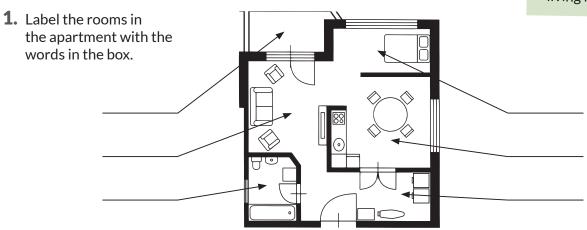
		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to time and dates. I can identify vocabulary related to habits and personal care routines.			
Grammar	I can use wh questions to ask for personal information about daily activities. I can use frequency adverbs and time expressions to talk about time. I can use in, on, at to talk about time.			
Reading	I can understand short paragraphs about daily routines.			
Writing	riting I can write about personal care routines. I can write about healthy routines.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about people's routines and activities.			
Speaking	I can exchange personal information about daily activities. I can talk about healthy routines.			

Unit »1

Eco-Friendly Home

Lesson 1 » This Is My Home!

balcony
bathroom
bedroom
kitchen
laundry room
living room



- **2.** Answer the questions about the apartment plan in exercise 1.
 - 1. How many bedrooms are there?
 - 2. Is there a laundry room?
 - 3. Are there two bathrooms?
 - 4. Is there a desk in the bedroom?

- **3.** Write questions for the answers.
 - 1. Is there a sofa?

Yes, there's one in the living room.

2. How many wardrobes are there?

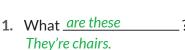
There are no wardrobes in this apartment.

- 3. _____
 - Yes, there's a shower in the bathroom.
 - There's one TV. It's in the living room.
- Yes there's a table in the kitchen.
- **4.** Make sentences to describe where we do the activities in brackets.
 - 1. (park the car) People park the car in the garage.
 - 2. (eat) _____
 - 3. (sleep) ______.
 - 4. (sit and talk) ______.
 - 5. (cook) ______.
 - 6. (bathe)______

Lesson 2 » I Help the Environment!

1. Look at the photos. Complete the questions and the answers using this, these, that or those.







2. What ______?



3. What _____?



4. What _____? 5. What _____?

- **2.** Choose the correct option to complete the instructions.
 - 1. Turn off those / that taps! Don't waste water.
 - 2. Don't throw away that **food** / **vegetables**. We can eat it for dinner.
 - 3. Don't put that / this bottle in the bin! Recycle it.
 - 4. Don't leave those bicycle / bicycles in the garage. Use them!
 - 5. Those / that lights are on again! Turn them off.
- **3.** How can you make an eco-house? Use the words in the box to write sentences.

collect electricity energy food grow produce rubbish save separate use wind

- 1. <u>I can use the wind</u> for a natural cooling system.
- 2. I can _____ with solar panels.
- 3. I can _____ rainwater.
- 4. I can _____ in a vegetable garden.
- 5. I can _____ with recycling bins.
- 6. I can _____ with energy-saving light bulbs.

module 3 // Unit 1

Lesson 3 » Respect the Environment

boxes damaged fruit food leftovers fruit peel metal containers old vegetables plastic bags plastic bottles

1. Put the words from the box into the correct column in the chart.

Inorganic rubbish	Organic rubbish

2. Read the text and write the stens

for making compost.				
Step 1:				
Step 2:				
Step 3:				
Step 4:				
Step 5:				
Step 6:				

SUSTAINABILITY



We know inorganic rubbish can be reduced, reused, and recycled. But, what can we do with organic rubbish? Organic waste includes old or rotten food, fruit and vegetable peel and all leftover food on your plate after you are full. You can put it in your garden and after some time, it decomposes and transforms into compost, which you can use to fertilize your garden. Now, how to make compost? Well, start by separating your organic waste into a different container. Don't use meat or bones. Dig a hole in the soil and put a layer of straw in the bottom. Put in all your kitchen waste and add more straw and green waste (for example leaves, twigs and grass) on top. Then, cover all of it with plastic or wood and leave it like that for two weeks. After that, mix everything with a shovel and add more organic waste. With time you'll see how all this transforms into fertilized soil.

1.	Which is <u>not</u> a type of housing?		7.	The refrigerator is in the			
	a. farmb. house	c. shop d. apartment		a. garage b. kitchen	c. garden d. bedroom		
2.	You can eat in this room.			The is in the bed	the bedroom.		
	a. bathroomb. dining room	•		a. garageb. toilet	c. cooker d. wardrobe		
3.	Is there a car in your garage?		9.	Which element is <u>not</u> in an eco-friendly			
	a. Yes, there isn't.	c. Yes, there aren't.		home?			
	b. No, there aren't.	d. Yes, there is.		a. traditional light bu	ılbs		
4.	Are there books	in your living room?		b. solar panels			
	a. a b. these	c. any d. the		c. recycling bins d. a rainwater collect	tor		
5. In the laundry room you		you	10	What action does not help the			
	a. wash your clothes	•	10.	environment?	<u>ricip trie</u>		
	b. cook	d. bathe		a. turning the lights of	off		
6.	My desk is in my			b. recycling			
	a. bathroom	•		c. turning the tap off			
	b. laundry room	d. bedroom		d. using plastic bags			

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	Vocabulary I can identify vocabulary related to the parts of the house.			
Grammar	I can use <i>there is/there are</i> to talk about the existence and number of things and rooms in a house.			
Reading	I can understand short texts describing houses.			
Writing	Writing I can produce questions about the house. I can describe the elements in a house.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about the house and the types of houses people have.			
Speaking	I can ask and give information about my home and the types of houses people have.			



Unit >>> 2

I Belong to a Community

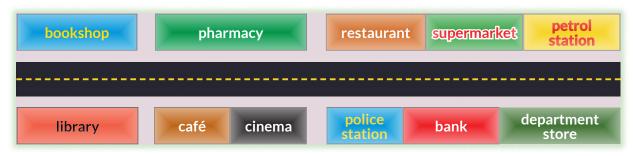
Lesson 1 » This Is My Neighbourhood!

- **1.** Write the place in town where you can do each thing.
 - **1.** Where can you buy books? *At a bookshop.*
 - 2. Where can you go to see a film?
 - 3. Where can you go to sit and read books?
 - 4. Where can you buy medicines?
 - 5. Where can you buy bread?



- 6. Where can you buy clothes, electric appliances and furniture for the house?
- **2.** Look at the map of the town. Correct the mistakes in bold in the sentences using the prepositions in the box.

between next to on opposite

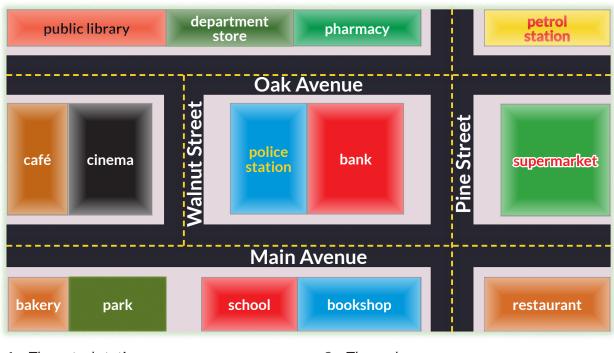


- **1.** The pharmacy is **opposite** the restaurant. The pharmacy is next to the restaurant.
- 2. The café is **next to** the pharmacy.
- 3. The cinema is **opposite** the restaurant.
- **4.** The department store is at the end of the street **in** the corner.
- 5. The petrol station is **between** the supermarket.
- 6. The restaurant is **opposite** the pharmacy and the supermarket.



Lesson 2 » I'm a Good Citizen!

- **1.** Tick the actions of a good citizen.
 - 1. A good citizen doesn't throw any rubbish in the street.
 - 2. A good citizen doesn't clean up after the dog.
 - 3. A good citizen recycles.
 - 4. A good citizen makes a lot of noise.
 - 5. A good citizen respects things in public spaces.
- 2. Write two different ways to describe where each place is.



1. The petrol station

It's on the corner of Oak Avenue and Pine Street.

It's on Pine Street, opposite the pharmacy.

2. The department store

- 3. The park
- 4. The restaurant
- **3.** Where am I? Follow the directions and write the place I arrive at.
 - 1. You're in front of the park. Turn left on Walnut Street. The place is on the corner opposite the cinema.
 - 2. You're at the supermarket. Turn right on Pine Street. Go straight ahead. The place is at the end, on the left.
 - 3. You're outside the bank. Turn left, then turn left again. Go past the police station. The place is on the left, on the corner with Main Avenue.

Lesson 3 » For a Better Community!

1 .	Write a	wh-c	question	for	each	answe	r.
------------	---------	------	----------	-----	------	-------	----

1. Where can I drink a cup of coffee in your neighbourhood	_?
You can drink a cup of coffee at Bonsai Café.	
2	_?
The name of my neighbourhood is 20 de Julio.	
3	_?
My favourite place in my neighbourhood is the square.	
4	_?
In my neighbourhood there is a bakery, a hair salon, a pharmacy and a grocery store.	
5	_?
The supermarket is next to the bank.	
6	_?
Male and a second large to an area to be a selected as the second and the second secon	I. I. : .

We have problems in my neighbourhood with noise and rubbish.

2. Think of solutions for these problems in your local park. Use some of the language in the box.

Problem	Solution	
1. There is no lighting.	We can talk to the electricity company and the district office for public space. We can ask for street lamps.	ł
2. People throw rubbish.		
3. The older children are very noisy and not friendly to the young children.		
4. People don't clean up after their dogs.		
5. The play equipment is broken and dirty.		
6. There is a problem with crime.		



organize a
campaign
put signs up
have a meeting
paint
repair
talk to
ask for
clean

Choose the correct option.

1.	People buy medicine	es in the	7.	A good neighbour does <u>not</u>
	a. restaurant	,		a. play loud music
	b. pharmacy	d. café		c. recycle
2.	You buy books in the	<u> </u>		b. clean
	a. bookshop	c. restaurant		d. take care of others
	b. library		8.	A good neighbour always
3.	People read and bor	row books in the		a. says hello
	a. bookshop	c. restaurant		b. makes noise
	b. library	d. pharmacy		c. throws rubbish on the floor
4.	At the department st	tore, you do not	9.	A good citizen
	a. buy books	c. buy furniture		a. writes on public benchesb. throws rubbish on the floor
	b. watch films	d. buy clothes		c. cleans
5.	At the bakery, peopl	e	10	A good citizen never
	a. buy medicine	c. buy bread	10.	
	b. take money out	d. study		a. recycles b. cleans
6.	At the square, peopl	e		c. throws rubbish on the floor
	a. take money out	c. buy clothes		d. takes care of others
	b. watch films	d. come together to talk		

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to the places in town and giving directions.			
Grammar	I can use prepositions of place to talk about the location of places. I can use wh- questions to ask for detailed information about places.			
Reading	I can understand short texts about the location of places.			
Writing	I can produce questions and sentences about the location of places.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about places and directions.			
Speaking	I can ask and give information about places and the location of places.			

Unit >>3

Every Job Is Important

Lesson | » Different Jobs!

1. Guess the job. Use the words. There are two extra words.

 -	less the job. Ose the words. There are two extra words.						
1.	This person fixes cars. A mechanic.			accou	ıntan	t	
2.	This person checks accounts for people or companies.		b	aker		cook	
3.	This person cuts and brushes people's hair.	sales	perso	on	m	echanic	
4.	This person grows fruit and vegetables.		farr	mer		nurse	
5.	This person makes bread and cakes.				وراء وراء		

2. Complete the conversation. Then guess the job.

6. This person helps you buy things at shops.

Sam: 1______?

Marta: She works at her studio.

Sam: ²_____with people?

Marta: No, she doesn't. She works alone.

Sam: 3______?

Marta: No, she doesn't. She doesn't help people in her job.

Sam: 4_____ any tools?

Marta: Yes, she does. She uses brushes and paints.

What is the job of this person? She is 5_

3. Look at the photo and answer the questions.

Look at the photo and answer the questions

1. Who is this?

4. Is she wearing a uniform?

2. Where does she work?

5. Does she work with other people?

3. What is she doing?



hairdresser



Lesson 2 » What Are You Doing Right Now?

1. Look at the photos. What are they doing?

















- **2.** Put the cook's routine in the correct order. Write the numbers.
 - A. ____ Cook lunch.
 - C. ____ Check the kitchen is clean to go home.
 - D. 1 Receive fruit and vegetable deliveries.
 - E. ____ Cook dinner.
 - F. Get the food ready to cook for dinner (wash and cut vegetables, etc.)
 - G. _____ Prepare soups, sauces, and cakes because they take a long time to make.
- **3.** Use the words in the box to write complete sentences about the cooks' routine from exercise 2 in the correct sequence. You can use some words more than once.

finally first of all later secondly ther	finally	first of all	later	secondly	then
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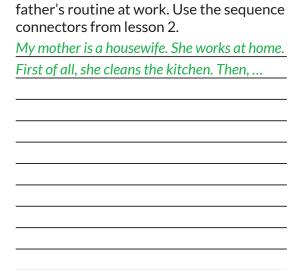
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
5	



Lesson 3 » I Know the People in my Community

1.	Answer the questions about your ror father.		Write a paragraph about your mother or father's routine at work. Use the sequence
	1. What does your mother/father	ao:	connectors from lesson 2. My mother is a housewife. She works at hom
	2. Where does she/he work?		First of all, she cleans the kitchen. Then,
	3. What is the first thing she/he d at work?	oes .	
	4. What does she/he do next?		
	5. What is the last thing she/he do	pes?	
	6. What is she/he doing right now	?	
3.	Two people are looking at photos. questions Ana asks José.	Write the	
	A: 1. What <u>are you doing</u> (do) in the	nis photo?	
	J: I'm cooking.	prioto:	
	A: Who ² (help) vou?	
	J: That's my friend, Camila.	17,	
	A: ³ (make	e) bread?	
	J: No, we're not!		
	A: What ⁴	(make)?	
	J: We're making a birthday cake f	or my brother.	
	A: What 5		
	6(cook)		30
	J: Oh, he's playing football. He alv on Wednesdays.	vays plays footb	all
	A: ⁷ (play)	today?	
	J: Yes, he is.		
	A: You look like you're having fun Why 8(laugh)?	
	J: I can't remember! But I always	have a good tim	e

with Camila.





Chant

Welcome to our town



Welcome to our town, We like to keep it clean! We take care of the environment, Our parks are very green.

We turn off all the lights And we always use our bikes. Welcome to our town. Let me show you around!

There's a church and a café, And a square where people meet. There are lots and lots of restaurants Where people like to eat.



There's a doctor healing people, And the bakers love to cook, There are builders building houses, And a library full of books!

Welcome to our town, ...

Come and see my house, My bedroom's really cool! Turn left, then right, It's opposite the school.

My house has two bathrooms, A kitchen and a garden! In my room I have a desk, And a bed where I can rest.

Welcome to our town, ...









Speaking

1. Do you find these nouns in a house or in a town? Ask and answer with a partner.

bedroom kitchen church café parks room square restaurants garden houses bed library school desk

	In a town	In a house	
Where do you find	d a bedroom?	bedroom You find a	bedroom in a house.

Reading

2. Match the words to make sentences.

1 We	build	in my room.
2 Books	are	green.
3 The bakers	cook	food.
4 The builders	have	houses.
5 Libraries	rest	in the library.
6 Parks	heals	people.
7 The doctor	use —	in the square.
8 People	meet	the lights.
9 We	are	our bikes.
10 I	turn off	
	2 Books 3 The bakers 4 The builders 5 Libraries 6 Parks 7 The doctor 8 People 9 We	2 Books are 3 The bakers cook 4 The builders have 5 Libraries rest 6 Parks heals 7 The doctor use 8 People meet 9 We are

Writing

- **3.** Write answers in complete sentences.
 - 1 What do the people of the town take care of?

They take care of the environment.

2 What do people turn off?

3 Where do people meet?

4 How many restaurants are there?

5 What do people do in the restaurants?

6 What does the doctor do?

7 What do the bakers do?

8 What is in the library?

9 Where is the speaker's house?

10 How many bathrooms does the house have?

Check Your Progress

Choose the correct option.

1.	A doctor people.	-	7. The actor Hamlet.
2.	a. teaches b. heals c. works d. build A mechanic cars.	S	a. are performingb. is performingd. are perform
3	a. grows b. builds c. fixes d. design A police officer people.	ns 8	8. The doctor and the nurse care of people at the hospital.
4.	a. protects b. fixes c. heals d. grow makes bread and cakes.		a. are taking c. am taking b. is taking d. be taking
	a. A teacherb. An accountantc. A singerd. A baker		9. I English.a. are studying c. am studyingb. is studying d. be studying
	 sells medicine. a. A pharmacist b. A salesperson grows food. 		 10. My parents while I'm at school. a. are working c. am working b. is working d. be working
	a. A teacher c. A farmer b. A baker d. A cook		

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to jobs.			
Grammar	I can use the present progressive to talk about actions in progress.			
Reading	I can understand short texts describing jobs.			
Writing	I can write short texts about the sequence of daily activities. I can write sentences about actions in progress.			
Listening	I can identify information in short conversations about jobs. I can identify actions in progress.			
Speaking	I can ask and give information about jobs. I can talk about the daily activities of people.			

module 4 // Unit 1



Lesson 1 » I'm Colombian!



1. Find the twelve nationalities of the students at the Second Youth Intercultural Encounter. The words can go down or across. Write them in the chart below in the correct column.

J	Α	A	U	S	Т	R	Α	L	I	Α	N
Α	В	D	Υ	Ν	Ο	Ε	М	W	С	R	S
Р	R	Ε	Κ	L	J	D	Ε	Т	Ν	G	С
Α	Α	Ν	С	V	W	С	R	R	Ε	Ε	Н
Ν	Ζ	С	Α	Ν	Α	D	I	Α	Ν	Ν	I
Ε	I	Ζ	F	R	Ε	Ν	С	Н	G	Т	Ν
S	L	Α	Ρ	U	I	Ε	Α	S	L	I	Ε
Ε	I	W	Q	J	В	С	Ν	D	I	Ν	S
R	Α	М	Ε	Χ	I	С	Α	Ν	S	I	Ε
Υ	Ν	С	J	Κ	L	Υ	I	G	Н	Α	Κ
Н	В	С	0	L	0	М	В	I	Α	Ν	Υ
Р	Ε	R	U	V	Ι	Α	Ν	Ε	J	I	С

Study Tip

Use capital letters for countries and nationalities.

-an	-ese	-ian	-ish	Other
		Australian		

2.	Со	mplete the sentences with	the correct country	nar	ne or nationality.
	1.	Ale is from Mexico. She is	·	4.	Line is from France. She is
	2.	Fiona is from	. She is	5.	Sam is from the

3. Sean is from Canada. He is _____

3.	Comp	lete	the	conversation.	
----	------	------	-----	---------------	--

Australian.

- M: Hello, I'm Marisol, your Spanish teacher. Where ¹_____you from, Kenji?
- K: Hello, I am from Japan. Are you Colombian?
- M: Yes, I 2 _____. Are you familiar with your classmates?
- K: Yes, I can tell you about them.
- M: Great. ³_____Andrea from Australia?
- K: No, she isn't. She is from Germany.
- M: ⁴______ is Tareq from?

- 5. Sam is from the _ He is American.

< :	He	is	from	Egypt.
---------------	----	----	------	--------

M: 5_____Tuti Egyptian, too?

K: No. she isn't. She is Thai.

M: Is Chen Japanese?

K: No, he 6_____. He is Chinese.

M: What about Gabriela and Jose? Where are they 7 _____?

K: They're from Brazil.

M: 8_____Steve and Karen Australian?

K: No, they're not. They are English.

Lesson 2 » I'm from Cali!

- 1. Match the opposites.
 - 1. boring -
 - 2. old-fashioned
 - 3. stressful
 - 4. organized
 - 5. noisy
 - 6. ugly
 - 7. uncrowded

- A. crowded
- B. relaxing
- C. beautiful
- D. modern
- **G.** quiet
- H. disorganized
- I. interesting



2. Which words in column 1 can also be opposites for peaceful and fun?

3. Read Tareq's description of his city and underline the words from exercises 1 and 2.

CAIRO

Cairo is the capital city of Egypt. It is a very busy, noisy, and crowded city. It is an important tourist destination in Africa. Cairo is a very interesting city because it has many archaeological sites nearby like the great pyramids. Tourists can ride camels, a typical animal of my country, on pyramid tours. In the market, tourists can buy many exotic crafts like lamps, rugs, and antiques.

In my opinion, it is a very old-fashioned and disorganized city, but it is beautiful, especially near the Nile River.





because

- **4.** Read the text again. Answer the questions.
 - 1. What's the capital city of Egypt?
 - 2. Is Cairo a peaceful place?
 - 3. What do tourists do with camels?
 - 4. Where do people need to go to buy antiques?

5.	In your opinion, is Cairo a modern city?
	Why?

	• .
Is your city similar to Cairo? Describ	o it
J. 13 YOUI CILY SIIIIIIAI LO CAILO: DESCITA	יבונ.

Lesson 3 » I Know My Town!

1 .	Read these sentences about Kenji's country, Japan.
	Tick the facts you already know about Japan.

L.	The red disc in Japan's flag represents the sun.		l
----	--	--	---

- 2. Anime and Manga started in Japan.
- 3. Japan has many islands.
- 4. Karaoke is very famous in Japan.
- 2. Read about Japan and complete the chart.





JAPAN

Japan is a very interesting country with many contrasts. It is an old culture with strong traditions, but at the same time, it is very modern. Japan is a crowded island with some busy, large cities but the countryside is beautiful and peaceful. Japan is also an artistic centre and Anime and Manga come from here.

There are lots of different animals: giant salamanders, spidercrabs and snow monkeys. Some Japanese products are: cars, computers, mobile phones. Japan also produces a lot of different food, for example: rice, tea and sugar. The people are hard-working, disciplined and organized.

Country's name:	
Characteristics and Importance	words to describe the country typical products and animals a unique characteristic
People	words to describe its people

3. Choose one of the countries on page 45. Find information about the country, its products, animals, culture and people. Then use your notes and the text in exercise 2 to help you write a short paragraph.

is	

Check Your Progress

Choose the best option.

1.	1. Which word is NOT a nationality?		6.	Which wor	•	ı NOT use	to describe
	a. Irish	c. Australia		the Tataco	a desert?		
	b. Japanese	d. German		a. beautifu			
2.	Is he?			b. quiet		d. disorg	anized
	a. France b. French	c. from French d. Francian	7.	Which wor a person?	rd can you	ı NOT use	to describe
3.	Someone from Thail	and is		a. agile	b. kind	c. crowd	ed d. brave
	a. Thai	c. Thailandian	8.	Englis	h people l	hard-work	ing?
	b. Thailandish	d. Thailandese		a. ls	b. Are	c. What	d. Am
4.	Where he from	?	9.	Where are	they fron	n? means \	What is
	a. are b. is	c. be d. am		nationality	<i>i</i> ?		
5.	My city is very	There are no nice		a. their	b. his	c. they	d. our
	buildings and there is a lot of rubbish.		10.	. Which wor	rd is simila	ar to peace	ful?
	a. relaxing b. quiet	c. ugly d. peaceful		a. stressful b. modern		c. interes d. quiet	sting

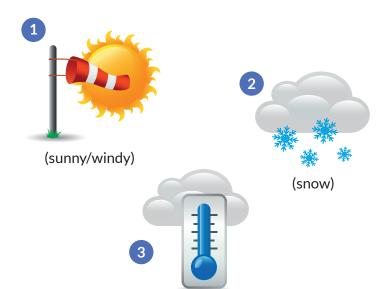
		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to countries and nationalities. I can identify vocabulary related to personal information.			
Grammar	I can use the verb <i>to be</i> and question forms to ask and answer information about people and places.			
Reading	I understand written descriptions of countries and cities.			
Writing	I can write simple sentences to express information about countries, costumes and people.			
Listening	I can take notes when I listen to specific information.			
Speaking	I can ask and give personal information about myself and others.			



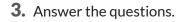
Unit >>> 2 Weather Changes

Lesson 1 » What's the Weather Like Today?

- **1.** Answer the questions.
 - **1.** What's the weather like in Sydney? *It is sunny and windy.*
 - 2. What's the weather like in Stockholm?
 - 3. What's the weather like in Bogotá?
 - 4. What's the weather like in New York?
 - 5. What's the weather like in Cairo?
 - 6. What's the weather like in London?



- 2. Circle the best options to complete the sentences.
 - 1. A hot / snowy day is the perfect day to do arts and crafts.
 - 2. A rainy / sunny day is good weather to go running.
 - 3. A cloudy / stormy day is good for hiking.
 - 4. A cold and cloudy / sunny and windy day is the ideal weather to fly a kite.



1. What's the ideal weather for a picnic?



- 3. What can you do on a rainy day?
- 4. What activities can you do at a birthday party?



(stormy)



Lesson 2 » What Are You Wearing Today?

- **1.** Answer the questions. Try to use all of the words.
 - 1. It's thirty-five degrees today. What can you wear? You can wear trousers, a sweater ...
 - 2. It's cold and snowy. What can you wear?
 - 3. You are at home on a cloudy, cool day. What can you wear?
 - 4. You go to a party. What can a girl wear? What can a boy wear?
 - 5. What do you wear to school?
 - 6. What do women teachers usually wear at your school?



2. Write the season below each photo. Use summer, winter, spring and autumn.









3. Read the report about Ireland. Complete the text with the words from the box.

cloudy jacket rainy spring sunny sweaters walking It is 1 _____ in Ireland. In March it is often 2 _____ and for this reason, Ireland is a very green country! Temperatures are from 8°C to 11°C when it is 3 _____ but when it is 4 ____ the temperature goes up to about 15°C. At this time of the year, people usually wear trousers and 5 ____ and you need a warm 6 _____. People do activities like 7 ____ in the parks, playing sports and eating in cafés.

4. Choose one of the other countries in exercise 2. Find information about it online and take notes below. Then write a report similar to the one in exercise 3.

Line 1
(country)
(season)

50

Line 2
What's the weather and temperature like?

Line 3 What do people need to wear? Line 4
What activities can people do?

Lesson 3 » What is the Traditional Costume in your Region?

- **1.** Match the photo to the event.
 - 1. funeral
 - 2. traditional dances
 - 3. daily life
 - 4. wedding



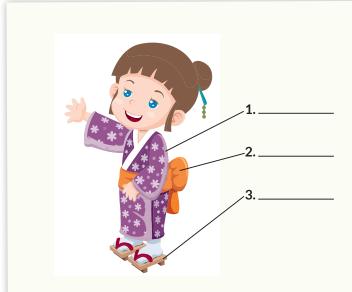






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2. Read about traditional Japanese costume and label its three parts on the picture.



Kimonos are a traditional Japanese costume. They use different fabrics for the different seasons: some materials are for summer and others are for winter. There are many different kinds of kimonos. All of them have three main parts: (a) the kimono, which is the long dress, (b) the obi, which is a large belt used to close the kimono around the waist, and (c) getas, which are the special shoes. Both men and women wear the kimono for weddings, funerals, and tea ceremonies.

3. Write a description of the traditional costume in your region. Answer the questions to help you organize your ideas.

What is its name?

What are its parts?

Are the colours or materials important?

Who wears it?

When do you wear it?

Circle the best option.

1.	Which kind of weath find in the winter?	ner do you <u>not</u> usually	6.	Which clot hot day?	hes do pe	ople <u>not</u> w	ear on a
	a. snowy b. rainy	c. cold d. hot		a. t-shirt	b. scarf	c. shorts	d. dress
2.	When you can't see	the sun, it is	7.	'What's the	e weather.	?''It's	sunny!'
	a. sunny	c. cloud		a. on	b. like	c. is	d. likes
	b. cloudy	d. temperature	8.	For which	event do y	ou <u>not</u> ne	ed
3.	What activity can yo	ou <u>not</u> do in stormy		traditional	costume?)	
	weather?			a funoral		c tradition	onal dances
	Weather.			a. Turrer ar		C. traditiv	orial darices
		c. do arts and crafts		b. wedding			
	a. watch a film	c. do arts and crafts d. relax in the garden	9.		5	d. daily li	fe
4.	a. watch a film	d. relax in the garden	9.	b. wedding	g a jack	d. daily li cet to work	fe «.
4.	a. watch a filmb. play chessWhich word is not a	d. relax in the garden		b. wedding My father	g a jack b. wear	d. daily li ket to work c. uses	fe <. d. use
 4. 5. 	a. watch a filmb. play chessWhich word is not a	d. relax in the garden season?r c. March d. autumn		b. wedding My father a. wears	s a jack b. wear the list: ho	d. daily li ket to work c. uses ot, warm, _	fe c. d. use , cold.

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to weather conditions. I can identify vocabulary related to clothing.			
Grammar	I can use <i>wh</i> questions to exchange information about weather conditions and clothing.			
Reading	I understand short texts about weather and clothing.			
Writing	I can write sentences to express information about weather. I can write sentences to describe traditional costumes and clothing items.			
Listening I can listen to specific information to complete forms.				
Speaking	I can give information about my town like the weather and what clothes to wear.			



Unit >>> 3 Let's Celebrate!

Word Bank

big colourful delicious healthy last longer nice salty spicy sweet

Lesson 1 » Today Is a Special Day!

1. Compare dishes 1–3 using the correct form of the words in the Word Bank.







2	is	than
3		
4		

2. Complete the chart with your opinions. Use the Word Bank and the Useful expressions.

Event	Your opinion
New Year's Eve	I think New Year's Eve is great!
Christmas	
Halloween	
Birthday parties	

Word Bank

(absolutely) amazing (really) boring great (very) interesting wonderful

Useful expressions

I think ... In my opinion ... I believe that ... I like ... I don't like ...

- 3. Write about a day you celebrate in your family, what you do, what you eat, and why you like it.
 - 1. Name the celebration.
 - 2. Give your opinion.
 - 3. Describe what you do.
 - 4. Say who you celebrate with.
 - 5-8. Describe the food.

A day we celebrate in my family is 1	<u> </u>
1 ² because we always ³	<u> </u>
I spend the day with ⁴ and we alv	
and armit	ourite
food is ⁷ because ⁸	



Decorating the house with red lanterns and couplets _____



Going to parents' house



Lighting firecrackers



Watching the dragon dance _____



Giving red envelopes



21st Century Skills • Critical Thinking

- **2.** Read about the celebration and answer the questions.
 - Based on the reading, why do you think Chinese wear red underwear on New Year's Eve?
 - 2. What does the red colour mean for them?
 - 3. Are there similar superstitions in your country?

CHINESE NEW YEAR'S EVE CELEBRATION

Chinese New Year is celebrated between January 21st and February 20th. It is a special day for families and many Chinese people travel to their parents' house. On this day, there are many superstitions. For example, people often wear and give each other red underwear. To start the celebration, first, everyone decorates their houses and streets with red lanterns and red couplets for good luck and prosperity. Second, the family eats a special meal with traditional food like fish, rice cakes, sweet rice balls and spring rolls. Third, people light firecrackers for good luck. Then, people give red envelopes with money to children and old people. Finally, people stay up late watching the parade and to see the dragon dance in the streets.

- **3.** Match the questions and answers.
- 1. When is the New Year celebration in China?
- 2. Where do Chinese people travel to celebrate?
- 3. What decorations do they use?
- 4. What do they eat?

- A. They travel to their parents' house.
- **B.** They eat fish, rice cakes, sweet rice balls and spring rolls.
- C. It is between January 21st and February 20th.
- **D.** They use lanterns and couplets.

Lesson 3 » Colombian Celebrations and Festivals!

- **1.** Match the sentences with the expressions.
 - 1. It's my birthday today!
 - 2. I've got an English exam tomorrow.
 - 3. My sister is graduating this morning.
 - 4. We're having a big party for you!
 - 5. It's 24th December.

- A. Congratulations!
- B. Happy Birthday!
- C. Merry Christmas.
- **D.** Good luck.
- E. Surprise!
- 2. Read the two paragraphs and circle the activities that occur in each festival.

The 'Feria de las Flores' (Festival of Flowers) is a festival that takes place in Medellin every year. It started in 1957 to celebrate *silletero* culture and has become one of the most important festivals in the region. It takes place in August and lasts for 10 days. The festival includes hundreds of flower displays, music concerts, a parade of horses and special exhibitions.



because _

The highlight of the festival is the silleteros parade, where people carry silletas, or chairs, containing beautiful flower arrangements on their backs. The 'Hanami', or cherry blossom festival, takes place in Japan every spring. The tradition is 1000 years old and is one of the



most important festivals in the country. All over Japan, people sit under the cherry trees and celebrate the arrival of these beautiful pink flowers. They have picnics, drink a special rice wine called *sake*, sing songs and read poems. The blossom starts in the southern islands of Okinawa in March and reaches the northern island of Hokkaido in May.

3.	Complete the sentences according to the reading to give your opinion and compare the
	Japanese and Colombian festivals.

1.	I believe the Cherry blo	ossom festiv	al <u>lasts longer</u> t	han the Festival of Flowers.
2.	I believe the		is	_ (colourful) than the
		_ because _		
3.	I think that the		is	(old) than the
4.	In my opinion, the		is	(interesting) than the
		_ because _		
5.		_ is	(big) than _	
	because			
6.		is	(good) than	

Chant

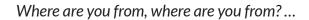
Where are you from?

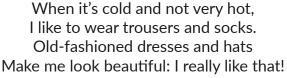


Where are you from, where are you from? Let's dance together, everyone. Jamaican, English or Australian, Let's join together and have some fun!

The weather for Mexico and Brazil Is stormy, sunny, rainy and hot. The weather for England and Canada Is cold, snowing and raining a lot.

Brazil has jaguars and monkeys, Exotic anteaters and birds to see, The Chinese like food that's salty, Sweet and sour and spicy for me.





In my opinion, I'm active and fun, and serious when work's to be done.
Boring and quiet is not for me;
I like to keep busy with activities.









module4 // Unit 3

Speaking

- **1.** With a partner, say the nationality for each of these words.
 - 1 Mexico

5 America

- 2 Jamaica
- 6 Canada
- 3 England

4 Brazil

7 China

a



Reading

2. What do the adjectives describe? Put them in the table.

juicy rainy hot sour sunny stormy cold salty sweet snowy spicy

Mexico.

weather	food	both		
	juicy			

Writing

- **3.** Answer the questions in full sentences.
 - 1 What's the weather like in Brazil and Mexico?

 The weather in Brazil and Mexico is stormy, sunny, rainy and hot.
 - 2 What's the weather like in England and Canada?
 - 3 What animals are there in Brazil?
 - 4 What food do people eat in China?
 - 5 What clothes does the singer wear when it's cold?
 - 6 What clothes make the singer look beautiful?
 - 7 How does the singer describe himself/herself?
 - 8 What does the singer dislike?
 - 9 What does the singer like?



Choose the best option.

1.	Which of these words to describe food is negative?	7. Chinese New Year lasts longer Colombian New Year.
2.	a. healthy c. delicious b. nice d. boring In my, Christmas is more fun than New Year's Eve.	 a. than b. that c. as d. from 8. Which is
3.	 a. opinion b. think c. believe d. like My sister like Halloween a. isn't b. is c. doesn't d. don't 	b. more healthierd. healthier9. Mexican food is good, but I thinkColombian food is!
4.	Food you don't cook is called a. raw b. oily c. salty d. juicy	a. very better c. better b. more good d. gooder
5.	I really love and sour pork! a. raw b. sweet c. salty d. spice	10. Fruit and vegetables are than meat.
6.	This fish is amazing! a. good c. absolutely b. can d. very	a. colourfuler c. colourfulb. more colourful d. very colourful

		Very well	Quite well	With difficulty
Vocabulary	I can identify vocabulary related to food. I can identify vocabulary related to celebrations and traditions.			
Grammar	I can use adjectives to compare customs, food, places, and people.			
Reading	I understand short texts about celebrations and food.			
Writing	I can state my opinion in short writings. I can write sentences to describe and compare celebrations and food.			
Listening	I can listen to specific information about family traditions.			
Speaking	I can talk about celebrations, traditions and food.			

Vocabulary Activities

Module 1

- 1. Complete the sentences using classroom items.
 - a. There is a _____ in the classroom to know the time.
 - **b.** You need a ______ to find the definitions of words.
 - **c.** The teacher writes on the
 - **d.** The _____ has all the information you need to learn.
 - e. You carry your books in a
 - f. A _____ is where you put your notebook to write.
 - g. You use _____ and ____ to write.
- 2. Complete the name of the numbers and write the number next to it.
 - a. _ N _
 - b. _ _ E _ _ ___
 - c. __ R _ ___
 - d. _ E _ ___
 - e. O ____
 - f. _O__ ___
 - g. S__
 - h. F___
 - i. _ l _ _ _

j. _E___ ___ k. N___ ___

Module 2

- 3. Unscramble the parts of the body
 - **a.** mra _____
 - **b.** gle _____
 - **c.** yee _____
 - **d.** dahe _____
 - e. cakb
 - **f.** tohmu _____
 - **g.** nadh ______
 - h. motashc _____
 - i. hetet _____
 - **j.** eson _____
- 4. Write the name of the activity for each description.
 - **a.** Folding paper in different ways to create figures.
 - **b.** Using pencil and paper to create two-dimensional images.
 - c. Travelling in the mountains or forests by foot.
 - **d.** Creating music with an instrument.
 - e. Creating threedimensional figures with glue _____

- **f.** Moving your body to the rhythm of music.
- g. Using your arms to hit a ball over a net and score a point.

Module 3

- 5. Complete the following household items and write in which part of the house they go.
 - a. __f____t__
 - **b.** _ e _
 - **c.** _ _ _ W _ _
 - **d.** s _ _ _
 - **e.** _ _ b _ _ and _ _ a _ _ s
 - f. __s____c__

Part of the house:

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d.
- e. _____
- f. _____
- 6. Write the place in town for each action. Then, match it with the corresponding job.
 - a. Reading books:
 - **b.** Buying medicine:
 - **c.** Shopping for clothes:
 - **d.** Eating bread and cakes:
 - **e.** Eating: _____
 - f. Studying:
 - **g.** Protecting citizens:

Match the job:

- ____ Baker
- ____ Pharmacist
- ____ Police officer

- ____ Cook
- ____ Teacher
- ____ Librarian
- ____ Salesperson

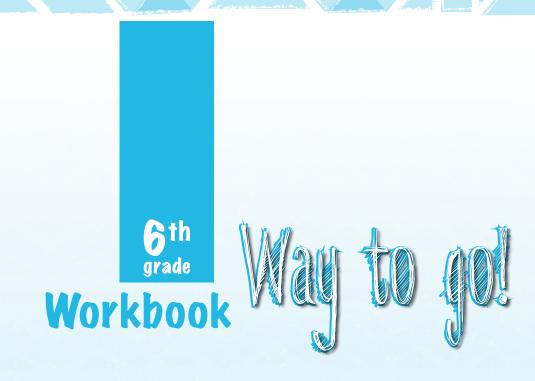
Module 4

- 7. Choose which item you don't wear for every weather condition.
 - a. Rain: a) sunglasses b) hatc) coat
 - b. Wind: a) coat b) scarfc) skirt
 - c. Sun: a) sunglasses b) hatc) scarf
 - d. Storm: a) jacket b) hatc) T-shirt
 - e. Snow: a) trousersb) dress c) sweater
- 8. Find 14 adjectives to describe personality, food, and places.

Н	Α	В	Р	Ε	Α	С	Ε	F	U	L	0	Н
Ε	D	1	F	Q	Ε	Τ	Χ	0	Ι	С	Р	Α
D	U	R	Α	U	В	R	0	R	L	Α	S	R
Α	R	D	S	W	Ε	Ε	Т	Т	S	0	Т	D
R	М	S	Ε	1	L	С	1	Υ	Р	U	R	W
S	0	U	R	М	0		С	Т	Ι	٧	Ε	0
Α	D	С	1	0	D	R	Ε	F	С	В	S	R
L	Ε	Α	0	F	J	U	I	С	Υ	Ν	S	К
Т	R	F	U	1	W	Ε	R	Α	S	1	F	1
Υ	N	Ε	S	L	Q	R	Α	Т	Ε	L	U	N
0	U	Р	1	S	Т	Α	В	0	R	1	L	G
D	I	S	С	Ī	Р	L	Ī	Ν	Ε	D	Т	0

9. Match the two columns to form actions related to the environment.

a. throw	waste
b. turn off	paper bags
c. use	the lights
d. turn off	rubbish
e. separate	a bicycle
f. collect	rubbish in the bin
g. use	the tap
h. reduce	rainwater
i. keep	places clean



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